# Reviewing the trait definition of mortality in chicken Jennifer Richter<sup>1</sup>, Fernando Bussiman<sup>1</sup>, Jorge Hidalgo<sup>1</sup>, Vivian Breen<sup>2</sup>, Ignacy Misztal<sup>1</sup>, Daniela Lourenco<sup>1</sup>

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### INTRODUCTION

>As birds are growing faster and larger, mortality has increased at the phenotypic level >Mortality is a trait of economic importance and animal welfare concerns Mortality may be affected by different genes at

different ages

### OBJECTIVE

Explore alternative trait definitions of mortality

Investigate the maternal genetic effect on mortality

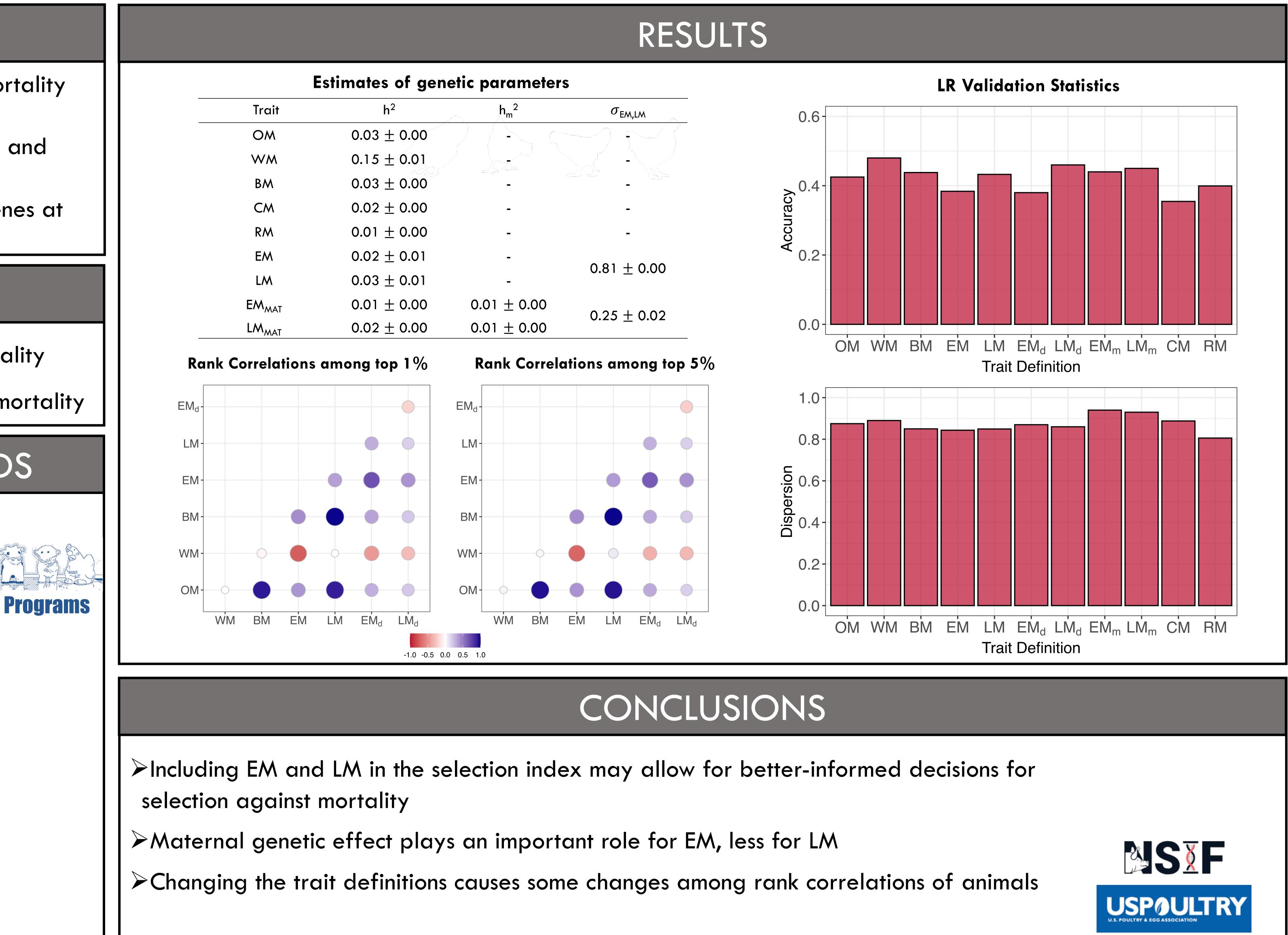
## MATERIALS AND METHODS

|                        | Number of records |            |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Pedigree               | 353,293           |            |
| Genotypes              | 100,881           |            |
| Overall mortality - OM | 322,039           | ;<br>()(12 |
| Weekly mortality - WM  | 20,136            |            |
| Weekly mortality - WM  | •                 |            |

Broiler mortality (BM) Early mortality (EM) Late mortality (LM) Cumulative repeatability mortality (CM) Binary repeatability mortality (RM) Addition of maternal genetic effect

LR Validation (Legarra and Reverter, 2018)

| $acc = \sqrt{1}$ | $\frac{\operatorname{cov}(\widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{w}, \widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{p})}{(1 - \overline{F})\sigma_{u}^{2}}$ | $\mathbf{b}_{1} = \frac{\operatorname{cov}(\widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{w}, \widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{p})}{\operatorname{var}(\widehat{\mathbf{u}}_{p})}$ |
|------------------|---|--|
| N                | v vu  |  |



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